

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core) May/June 2018

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

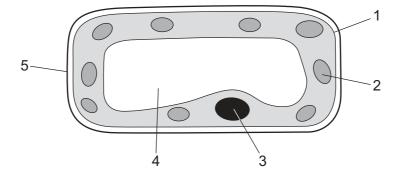




1 Most cars burn fossil fuels to release energy for their movement.

Which characteristic of living organisms is similar to this?

- A excretion
- **B** growth
- **C** nutrition
- **D** respiration
- 2 The diagram shows a plant cell with some structures labelled.



Which two structures are also present in animal cells?

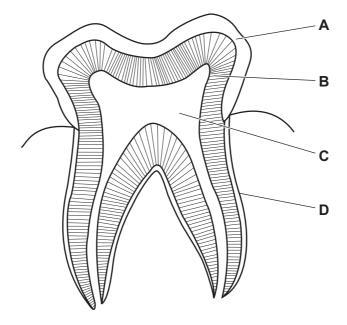
- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 5
- 3 Food chewed in the mouth is mixed with enzymes which begin the process of chemical digestion.

What type of molecule is an enzyme?

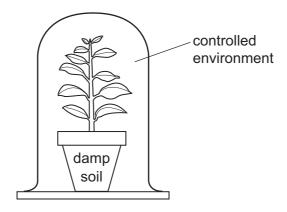
- A carbohydrate
- **B** fat
- **C** protein
- **D** vitamin
- 4 Which two chemical substances are required for photosynthesis?
 - A carbon dioxide and glucose
 - B glucose and oxygen
 - C oxygen and water
 - **D** water and carbon dioxide

5 The diagram shows a section through a human tooth.

Which part is made of the hardest material?



6 The diagram shows a plant in a controlled environment.



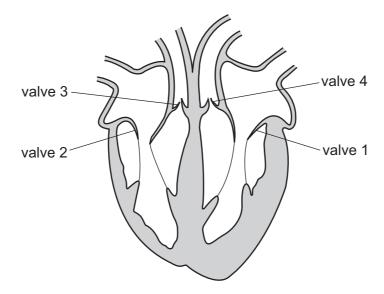
The list gives three ways in which the environment can be altered.

- 1 humidity increased
- 2 light intensity increased
- 3 temperature increased

Which changes will cause an increase in the rate of transpiration of the plant?

	1	2	3
Α	✓	√	X
В	✓	X	X
С	x	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓

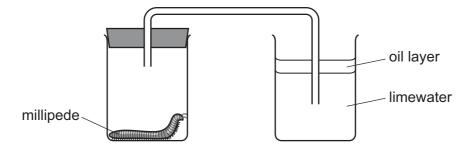
7 The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



What happens to the valves as blood is being pumped to the lungs?

	valve 1	valve 2	valve 3	valve 4
A	closed	closed	open	closed
В	closed	closed	open	open
С	open	open	closed	closed
D	open	open	closed	open

8 A student set up the experiment shown in the diagram.



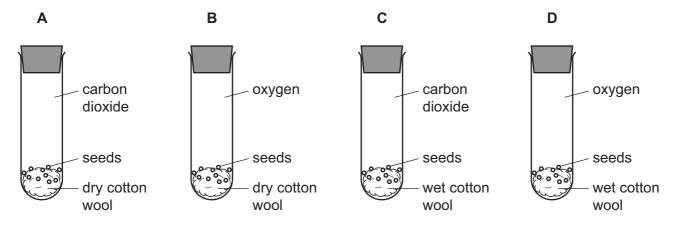
Which statement is correct?

- A If the limewater stays colourless, aerobic respiration is occurring.
- **B** If the limewater stays colourless, photosynthesis is occurring.
- **C** If the limewater turns milky, aerobic respiration is occurring.
- **D** If the limewater turns milky, photosynthesis is occurring.

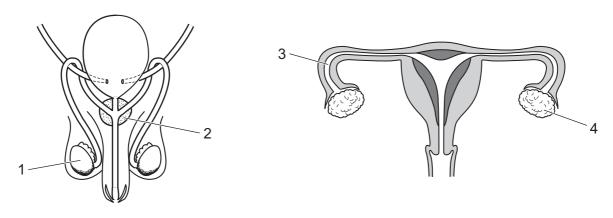
9 What are the growth responses of a plant to gravity?

	root grows	stem grows
Α	away from gravity	away from gravity
В	away from gravity	towards gravity
С	towards gravity	away from gravity
D	towards gravity	towards gravity

10 The diagram shows four tubes set up to investigate germination. All of the tubes are at 25 °C. In which tube will the seeds germinate first?



11 The diagrams show the human male and female reproductive systems.



Which numbered parts produce gametes?

A 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

12 The diagram shows a food chain.

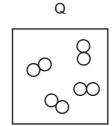
$$maize \rightarrow mouse \rightarrow owl$$

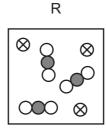
Which terms describe the organisms in this food chain?

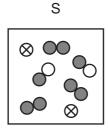
	maize	mouse	owl
Α	consumer	carnivore	producer
В	consumer	herbivore	carnivore
С	producer	carnivore	herbivore
D	producer	herbivore	carnivore

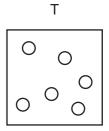
- 13 What is **not** an effect of deforestation?
 - A extinction of species
 - **B** flooding of farmland
 - **C** increase of oxygen in the air
 - **D** loss of soil
- **14** The diagrams represent different substances.

P O O









Which row describes the substances?

	only separate atoms	only molecules	mixture of atoms and molecules
Α	Р	Q	S
В	Q	Т	R
С	Т	Р	R
D	Т	Q	Р

15 Which row describes the method used to obtain salt from salt water and petrol from petroleum?

	salt from salt water	petrol from petroleum
Α	crystallisation	distillation
В	crystallisation	fractional distillation
С	filtration	distillation
D	filtration	fractional distillation

- **16** Some changes are listed.
 - 1 boiling
 - 2 decomposing
 - 3 evaporating
 - 4 oxidising

Which changes are physical changes?

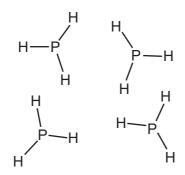
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4
- 17 Lithium, a Group I element, reacts with fluorine, a Group VII element, to form lithium fluoride.

Lithium fluoride is an ionic substance.

Which row describes how the ions are formed from the atoms?

	lithium atom	fluorine atom
Α	gains an electron	gains an electron
В	gains an electron	loses an electron
С	loses an electron	gains an electron
D	loses an electron	loses an electron

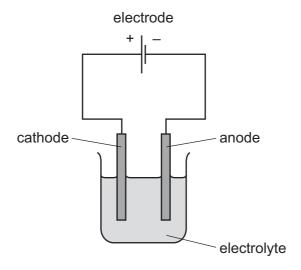
18 The diagram represents molecules of phosphine.



What is the formula of a molecule of phosphine?

- A HP
- **B** HP₃
- C PH₃
- **D** P₄H₁₂
- 19 The diagram shows apparatus for electrolysis.

Only one label is correct.



Which label on the diagram is correct?

- **A** anode
- **B** cathode
- **C** electrode
- **D** electrolyte

		9
20	Wh	ich change must take place in an endothermic reaction?
	Α	Bubbles of gas are released.
	В	The mass decreases.
	С	The temperature decreases.

21 Magnesium reacts with steam to form magnesium oxide and hydrogen gas.

magnesium + water → magnesium oxide + hydrogen

Which statement about this reaction is correct?

Hydrogen gas is reduced.

The temperature increases.

- Magnesium is oxidised.
- Magnesium is reduced.
- **D** Water is oxidised.
- **22** Aqueous ammonia is added to a solution containing a salt.

A white precipitate is produced which dissolves in excess aqueous ammonia.

Which ion is present in the salt?

- **A** iron(II)
- В iron(III)
- ammonium
- D zinc
- 23 Which statement describes the metallic character of elements in Period 2 of the Periodic Table?
 - The first and last elements in this period are metals. Α
 - В The metallic elements are in the centre of this period.
 - C The metallic elements are on the left of this period.
 - D The metallic elements are on the right of this period.

- **24** Which statement about transition metals is **not** correct?
 - A They are often used as catalysts.
 - **B** They form colourless compounds.
 - C They have high densities.
 - **D** They have high melting points.

25 Which element is a metal?

	melting point /°C	density g/cm³	conducts electricity
Α	-39	13.6	yes
В	44	1.8	no
С	113	2.1	no
D	1410	2.3	no

26 Which chemical reactions produce carbon dioxide?

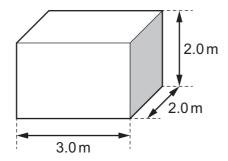
	hydrochloric acid + calcium carbonate	hydrochloric acid + sodium hydroxide	complete combustion of methane	respiration
Α	✓	X	✓	✓
В	✓	X	✓	X
С	✓	X	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓	✓

- **27** Which statement about organic compounds is **not** correct?
 - A An ethene molecule contains a double bond.
 - **B** Molecules of ethane and ethanol contain the same number of carbon atoms.
 - **C** The complete combustion of hydrocarbons produces carbon dioxide and water.
 - **D** The main constituent of natural gas is ethane.

28 A vehicle takes 30 minutes to travel a distance of $60\,\mathrm{km}$.

What is the average speed of the vehicle?

- A 2.0 km/hour
- B 30 km/hour
- C 120 km/hour
- **D** 1800 km/hour
- **29** What is the weight of an object?
 - A the acceleration of the object due to gravity
 - **B** the energy of the object due to its position
 - **C** the force acting on the object due to gravity
 - **D** the quantity of matter in the object
- **30** The diagram shows a solid rectangular block of mass 24 kg with the dimensions shown.



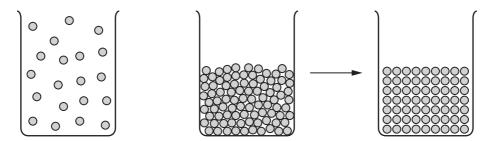
What is the density of the material from which the block is made?

- **A** $0.25 \, \text{kg/m}^3$
- **B** $0.50 \, \text{kg/m}^3$
- **C** $2.0 \, \text{kg/m}^3$
- **D** $4.0 \, \text{kg/m}^3$
- **31** Electricity can be obtained from the energy in water behind a hydroelectric dam.

Is this energy resource renewable, and in which form is its energy stored?

	renewable	form of energy
Α	no	chemical
В	no	gravitational potential
С	yes	chemical
D	yes	gravitational potential

32 Three beakers contain samples of the same substance. The diagrams indicate the molecular structures of the substance in each of the beakers.



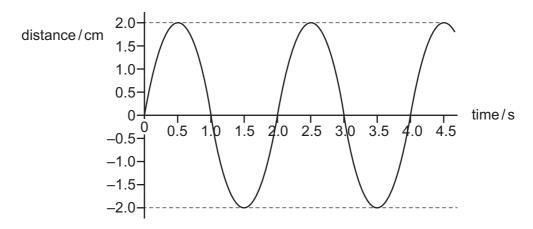
Which change of state is represented by the arrow?

- A liquid to gas
- B liquid to solid
- C solid to gas
- D solid to liquid
- 33 On a summer's day, hot air rises above hot roofs.

What is the name of this process?

- **A** concentration
- **B** condensation
- **C** conduction
- **D** convection

34 The diagram represents a wave.

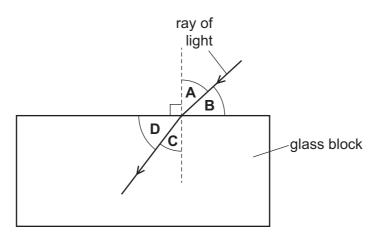


What is the amplitude of the wave, and what is the frequency of the wave?

	amplitude / cm	frequency/Hz
Α	2.0	0.50
В	2.0	2.0
С	4.0	0.50
D	4.0	2.0

35 The diagram shows a ray of light as it enters a glass block.

Which labelled angle is the angle of refraction?



- **36** Which waves are **not** electromagnetic waves?
 - A gamma
 - B infra-red
 - C light
 - **D** sound

37 A man sees a car door being slammed shut.

After 0.30 s, he hears the sound of the door being shut.

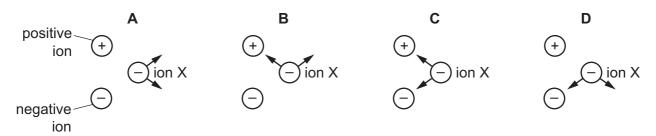
The speed of sound in air is 300 m/s.

How far away is the man from the car door?

- **A** 9.0 m
- **B** 90 m
- **C** 100 m
- **D** 1000 m

38 A negative ion X is close to a positive ion and another negative ion. Electrical forces act on ion X because of the charges in the other two ions.

Which diagram shows the directions of the two forces acting on ion X?



39 An electric kettle has the following label attached to its base.

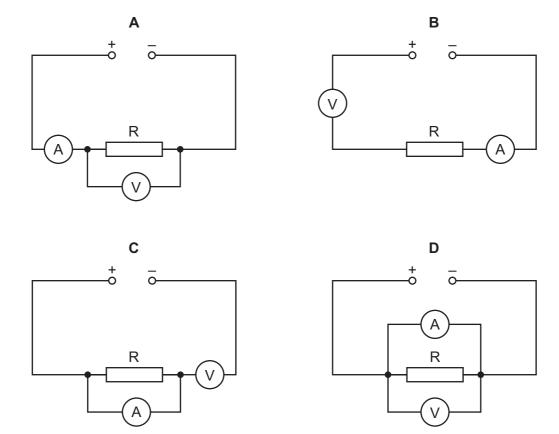
current: 7.5 A frequency: 50 Hz power: 1800 W voltage: 240 V

How is an appropriate fuse for the kettle labelled?

- **A** 10 A
- **B** 60 Hz
- **C** 2000 W
- **D** 300 V

40 A student determines the resistance of resistor R.

Which circuit is used to obtain the readings needed?



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The Periodic Table of Elements

	=	2 :	Ηœ	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	=				6	ட	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	н	iodine 127	85	Ą	astatine -			
	5				8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>e</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium -	116	^	livermorium -
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>B</u>	bismuth 209			
	≥				9	O	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	90	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	ŀΙ	flerovium -
	=				2	Δ	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	I	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
											30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ပ	cadmium 112	80	Я	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium –
											29	J.	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Αu	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
dn											28	z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Group											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	뫈	rhodium 103	77	٦	iridium 192	109	Ĭ	meitnerium -
		- :	I	hydrogen 1							26	Рe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium
					J						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –
						loc	SS				24		chromium 52		Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	ā	tantalum 181	105	Dp	dubnium -
						ato	rela				22	ı=	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium -
											21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				3	:=	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	μ̈	francium -

		¥	31	62	63	64	65	99	29	89	69	70	7
PZ	PZ	ш	m	Sm	Ш	gq	Tp	Dy	웃	Щ	Tn	Υp	Pn
neodymium p	neodymium p	<u>g</u>	romethium -	samarium 150	europium 152	gadolinium 157	terbium 159	dysprosium 163	holmium 165	erbium 167	thulium 169	ytterbium 173	lutetium 175
92	92		93	94	92	96	26	86	66	100	101	102	103
Pa	⊃		d	Pu	Am	CB	益	ర	Es	Fm	Md	8	۲
uranium	uranium	ne	ptunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	ferminm	mendelevium	nobelium	lawrencium
238	238		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	I

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).